



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS**9709/65**

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2

May/June 2025**1 hour 15 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.





- (a) Find $P(S \leq 3)$. [3]

[illegible]

- [illegible]

2

$n = 200$

$$\Sigma(x-2) = 60$$

$$\Sigma(x-2)^2 = 20$$

(a)

[6]

[illegible]

(b)

[1]

[illegible]



- 3 Maroulla's calculator can generate random numbers between 0.000 and 0.999 inclusive, correct to 3 significant figures. She plans to use her calculator to choose a sample of members from the 851 members in her health club. She numbers the members from 1 to 851. Then she uses her calculator to generate some random numbers. She multiplies each random number by 851 and rounds **up** to the next whole number to give the number of a member in the sample. This is called a 'member number'.

- (a) Maroulla's first random number is 0.401.

Find the member number that is produced by this random number. [1]

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- (b) Find all possible random numbers, correct to 3 decimal places, that would produce the following member numbers.

- (i) A member number of 680. [1]

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- (ii) A member number of 850. [1]

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- (c) Explain briefly how your answers to part (b) show that Maroulla's method does not produce a random sample. [1]

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- [illegible]



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- Find the probability that the mean, \bar{F} , of the final marks of a random sample of 25 candidates is greater than 143. [5]

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- (a) Use a binomial distribution to carry out the test. [5]

[illegible]



(c) Find the probability of a Type I error. [2]

[illegible]



- 7 A firm makes a certain type of battery-powered toy. The battery life is denoted by X hours and the population mean of X is supposed to be 12. The Quality Control department wished to test whether the population mean of X is actually less than 12. They tested a random sample of 50 of these toys and found that the sample mean, \bar{X} , was 11.4.

- (a) State suitable null and alternative hypotheses for the test. [1]

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You may assume that the standard deviation of the battery life is 2.3 hours.

- (b) Show that the value $\bar{X} = 11.4$ leads to rejection of the null hypothesis at the 5% significance level. [2]

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- (c) It is given that the value $\bar{X} = 11.4$ leads to rejection of the null hypothesis at the $\alpha\%$ significance level.

Find the set of possible values of α . [2]

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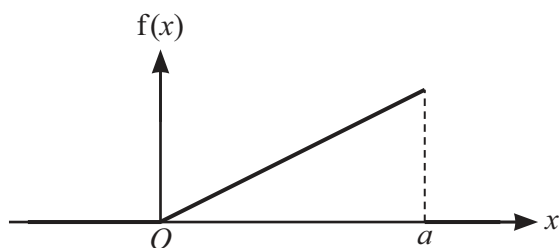




8



13



The diagram shows the graph of the probability density function f of a random variable X . Between $x = 0$ and $x = a$ the graph consists of a straight line through O with gradient k , where k and a are positive constants. Elsewhere $f(x) = 0$.

It is given that the median of X is $\sqrt{2}$.

- (a) Find the value of k . [2]

[illegible]

- (b) Find the value of $E(X)$. [4]

[illegible]

[illegible]





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